

Probing the H α , HI and FIR emission in low surface brightness tails of Virgo galaxies and their connection with the Virgo intra-cluster component

LAM

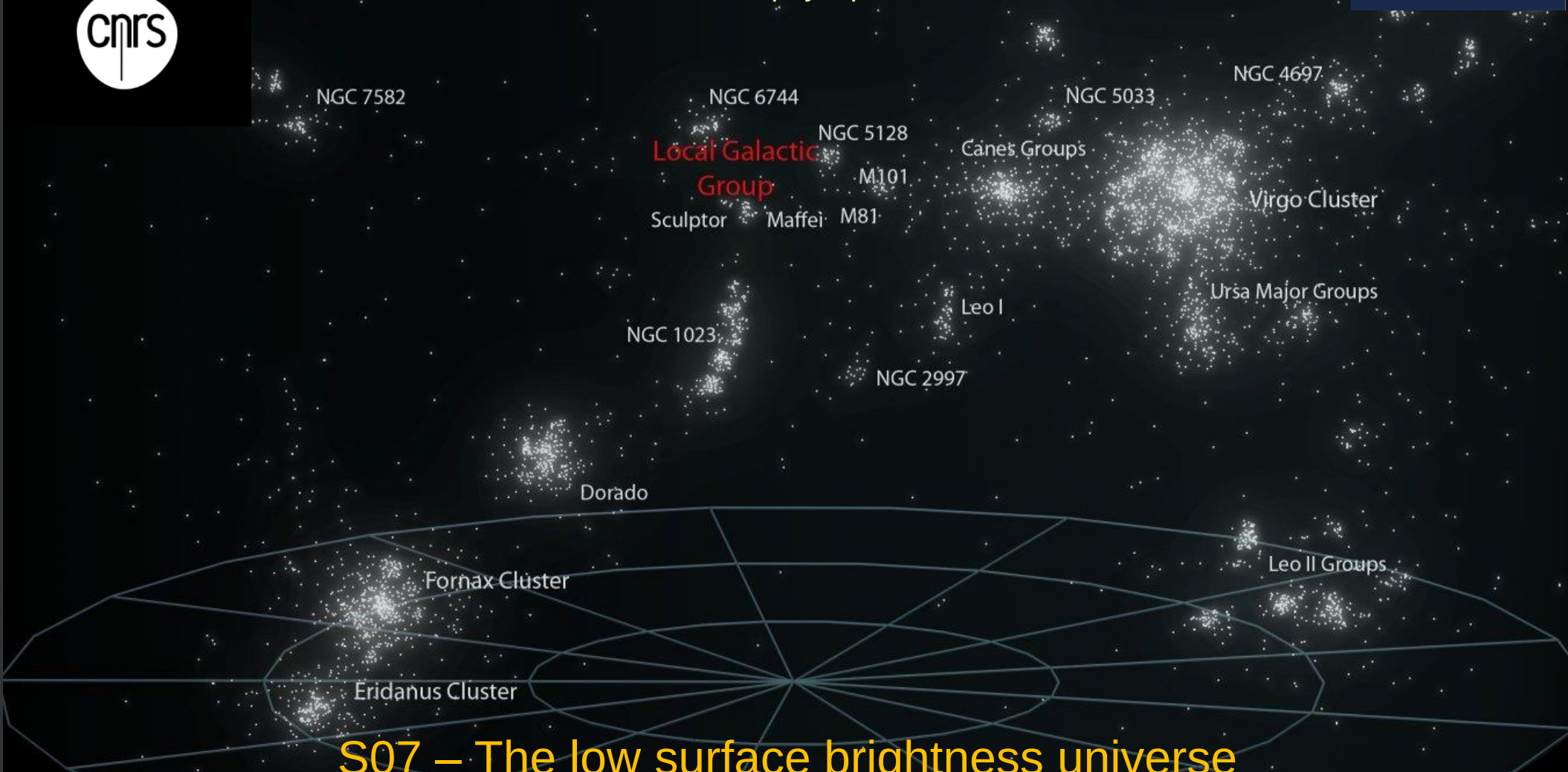
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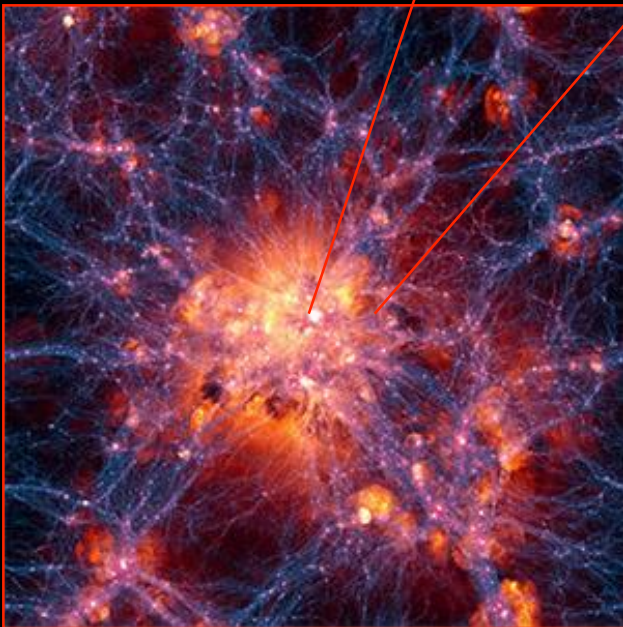
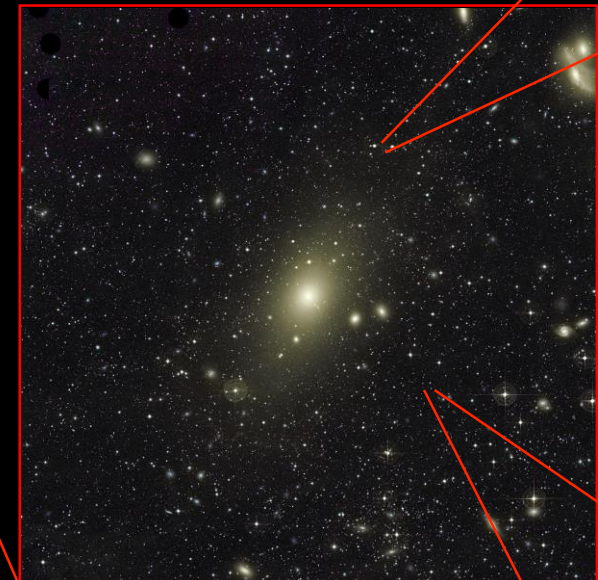
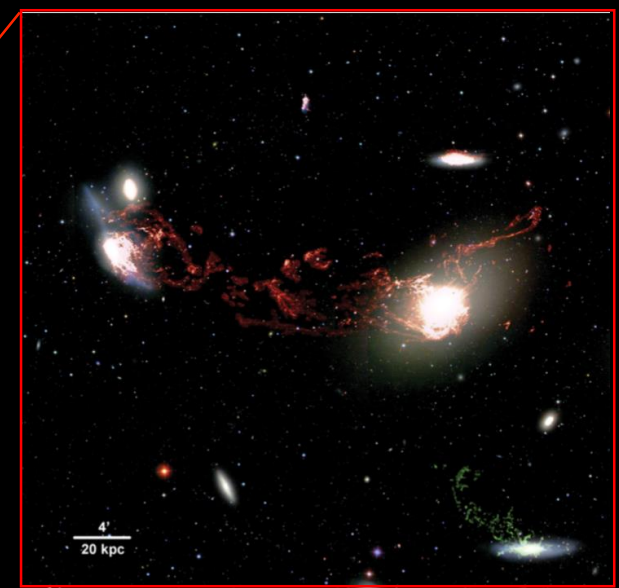


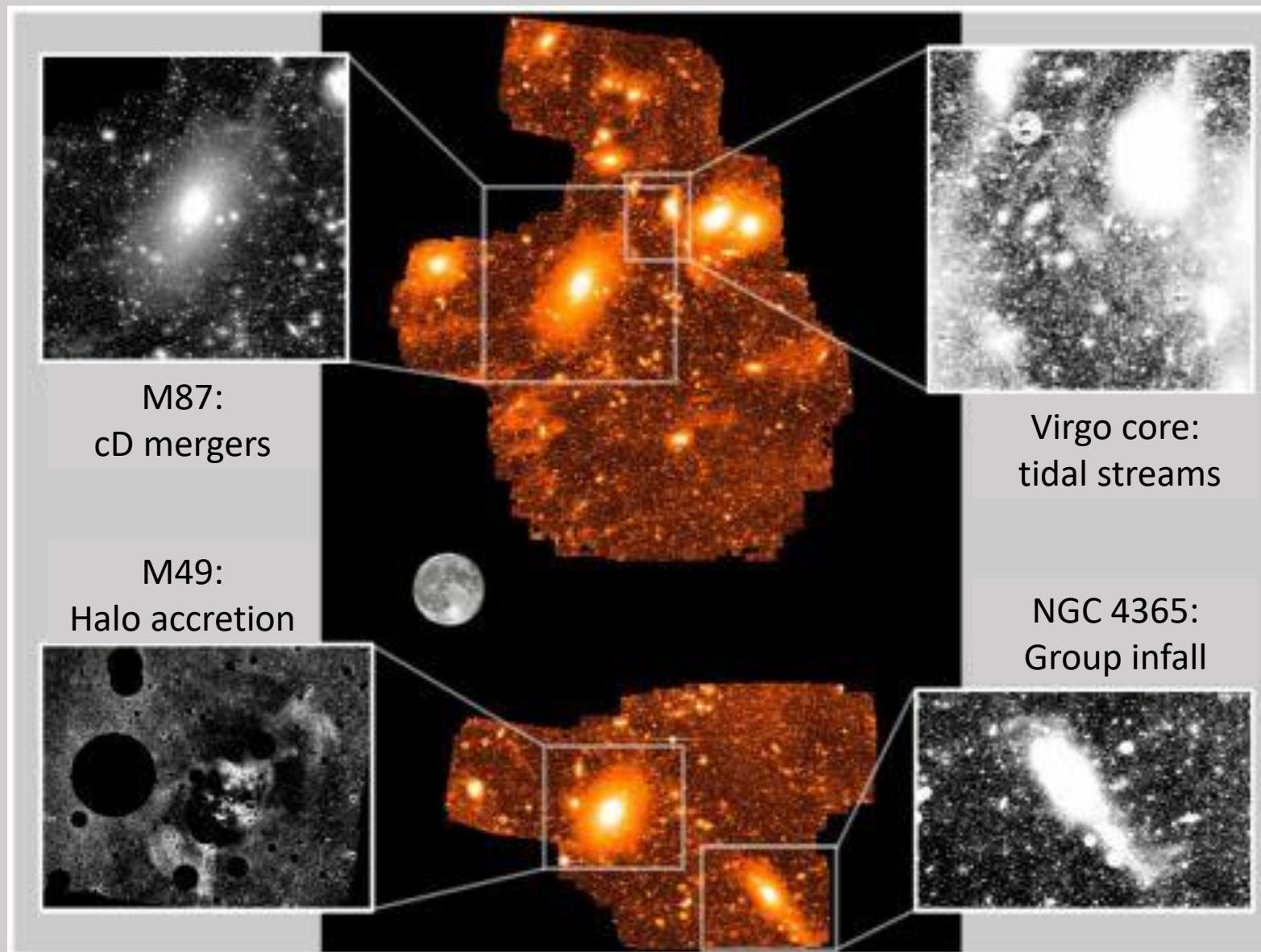
S07 – The low surface brightness universe
Semaine de la SF2A May 14-17 2019 – Nice, France

How do structures form and evolve ?

Local universe as analogue of the over-dense regions in the high-redshift universe

Ideal laboratories for studying
(at high resolution)
the perturbing mechanisms
that shaped galaxy evolution.





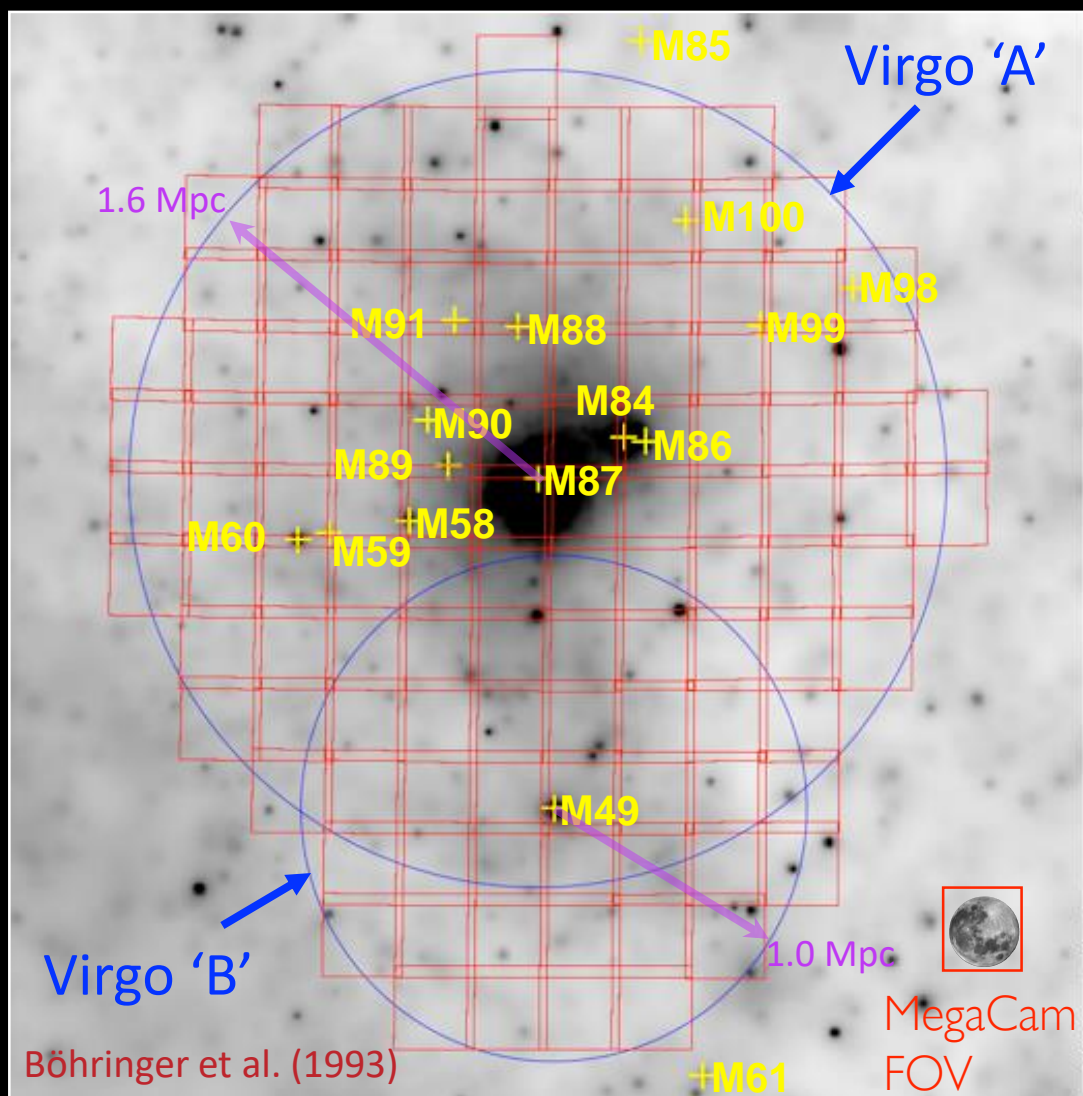
Ultra-deep wide field image of the Virgo cluster (Mihos et al. 2017)

- The richest and closest cluster of galaxies (16.5 Mpc, $M_{\text{dyn}} \sim 4 \times 10^{14} \text{ Mo}$)
- excellent angular resolution (1 arcsec = 80 pc)
- access to large elliptical, spiral and dwarf population ($M_{\text{star}} \sim 10^5 \text{ Mo}$) as well as the intra-cluster population

Virgo Cluster Surveys

Deep surveys map the Virgo cluster at different wavelengths.

Virgo in X-rays



X-ray: **ROSAT** (Nulsen & Bohringer, 1995)

OPTICAL : **NGVS** (Ferrarese et al. 2012)

S: $\sim g$ 25.9 mag ; $\sim g$ 29 mag arcsec⁻²

R: $< 1''$

OPTICAL - H α : **VESTIGE** (Boselli et al. 2018)

S: $f(H\alpha) \sim 4 \times 10^{-17}$ erg sec⁻¹ cm⁻² (5 σ) for point sources; $\Sigma(H\alpha) \sim 2 \times 10^{-18}$ erg sec⁻¹ cm⁻² arcsec⁻² (1 σ) for ext. sources at 3'' res

UV: **GALEX UV Virgo Cluster Survey**

(**GUViCS**; Boselli et al. 2011)

S: ~ 21.5 mag; ~ 27.5 mag arcsec⁻²

R: 4''-5''

Near-IR: **SPITZER** (Werner et al. 2004)

Far-IR: **Herschel Virgo Cluster Survey** (**HeViCS**; Davis et al. 2010)

S: 6.8, 3.1 MJy/sr (PACS)

1.0, 0.7, 0.3 MJy/sr (SPIRE)

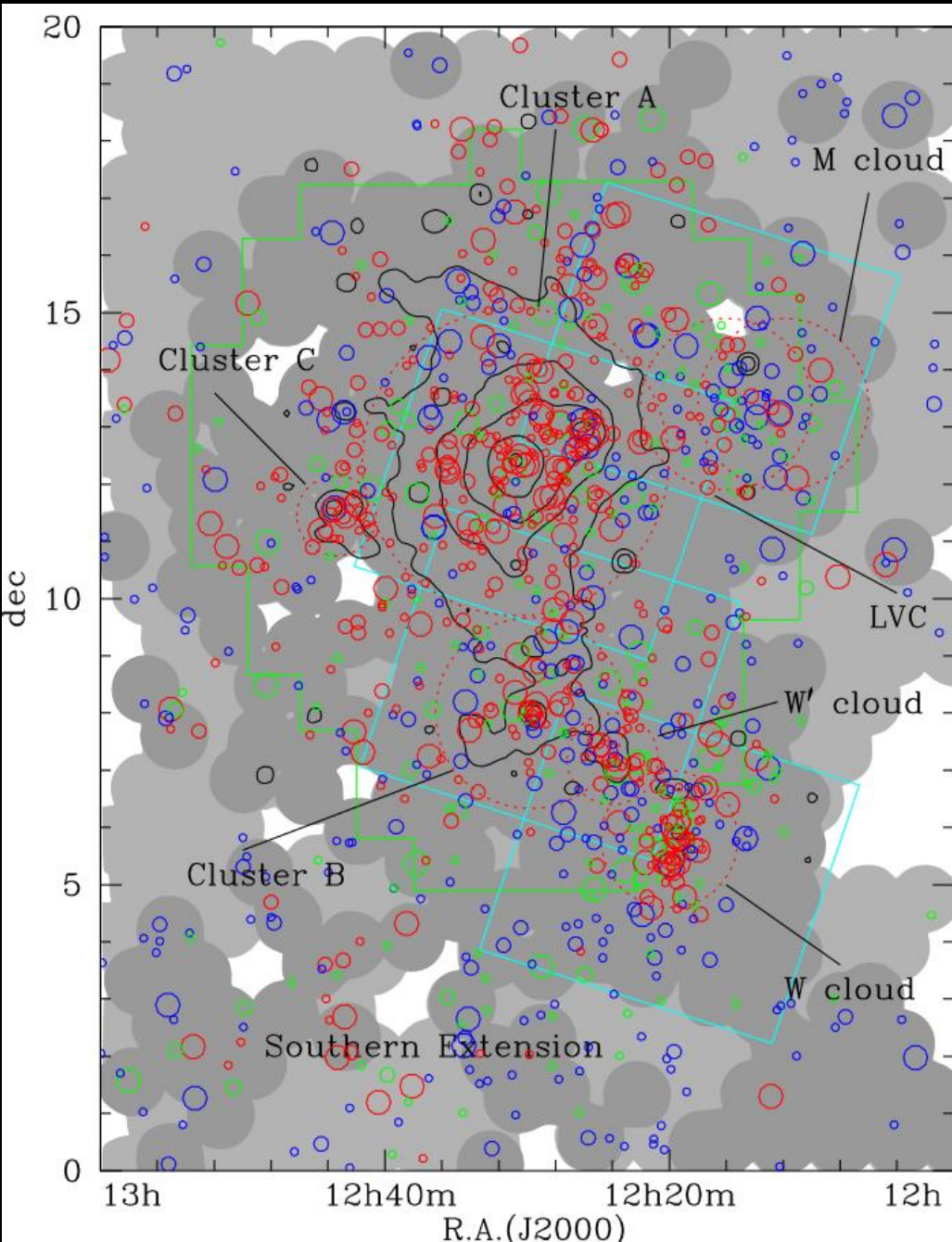
R: $\sim 7''$ -35''

radio HI: **VIVA** (Chung et al. 2009)

S: $3-5 \times 10^{19}$ cm⁻² @ 10 km s⁻¹

R: 15''

Virgo Cluster Surveys

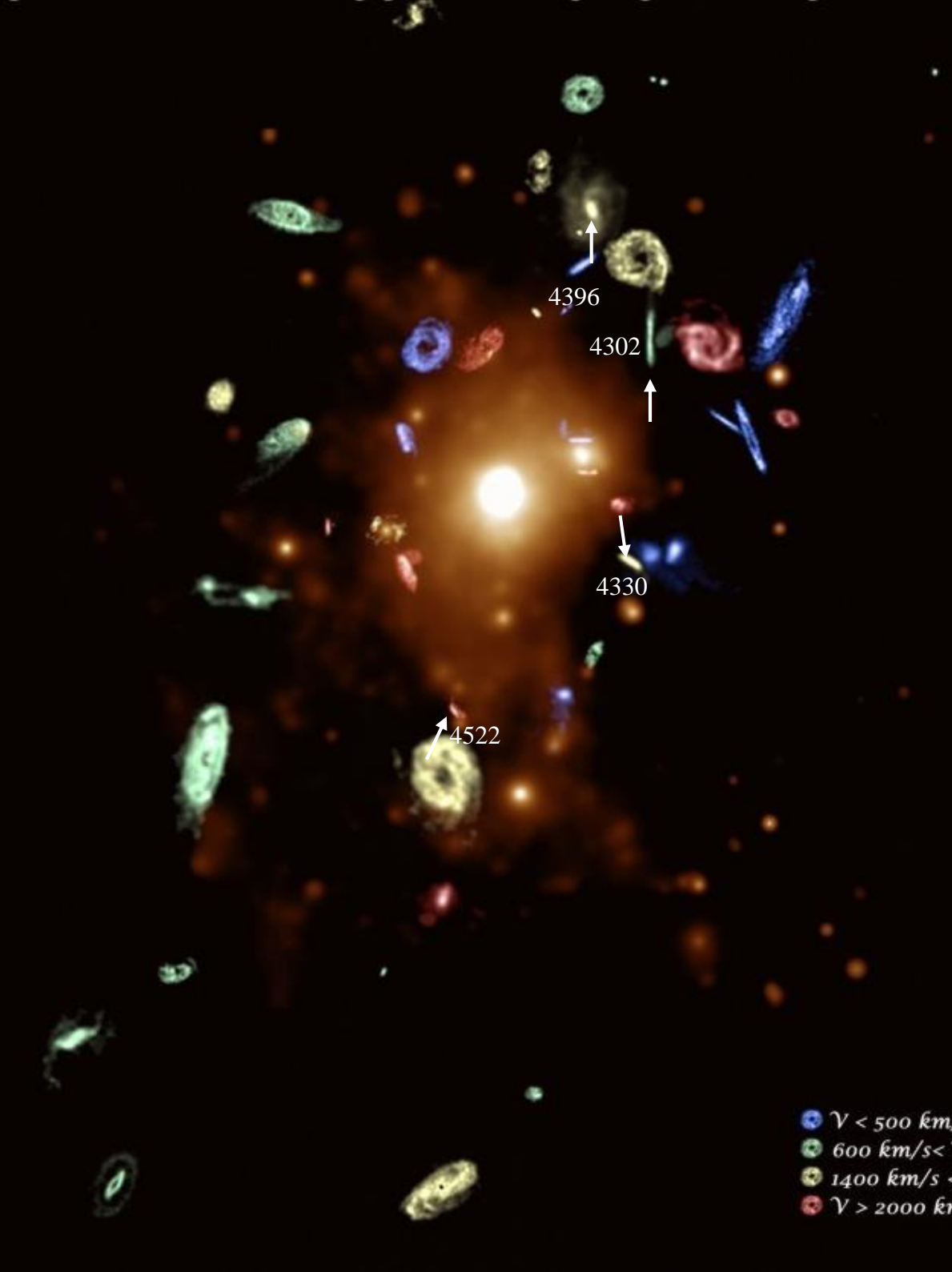


SCIENCE CASES

- The effects of the environment on galaxy evolution
- The fate of the stripped gas and dust in Virgo galaxies
- The interplay between the dust and gas in the different phases

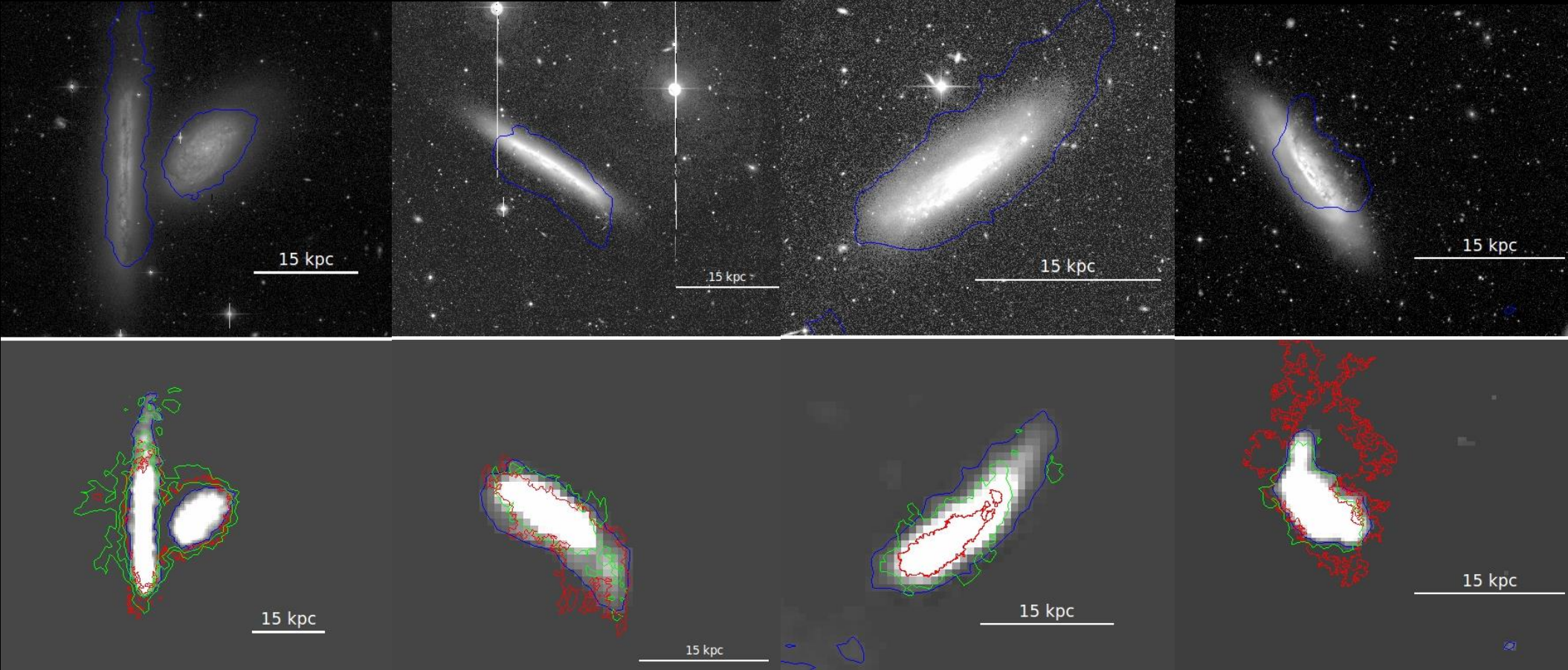
○ Late-type ○ Early-type ○ Green valley

The galaxy sample



- Virgo galaxies with asymmetric morphologies in the HI, H α and FIR emission
- All within 4 deg from the cluster's centre
- NGC4302 (1150 km/s)
- NGC4330 (1563 km/s)
- NGC4396 (-128 km/s)
- NGC4522 (2329 km/s)

$V < 500 \text{ km/s}$
 $600 \text{ km/s} < V < 1300 \text{ km/s}$
 $1400 \text{ km/s} < V < 2000 \text{ km/s}$
 $V > 2000 \text{ km/s}$



NGC4302

NGC4330

NGC4396

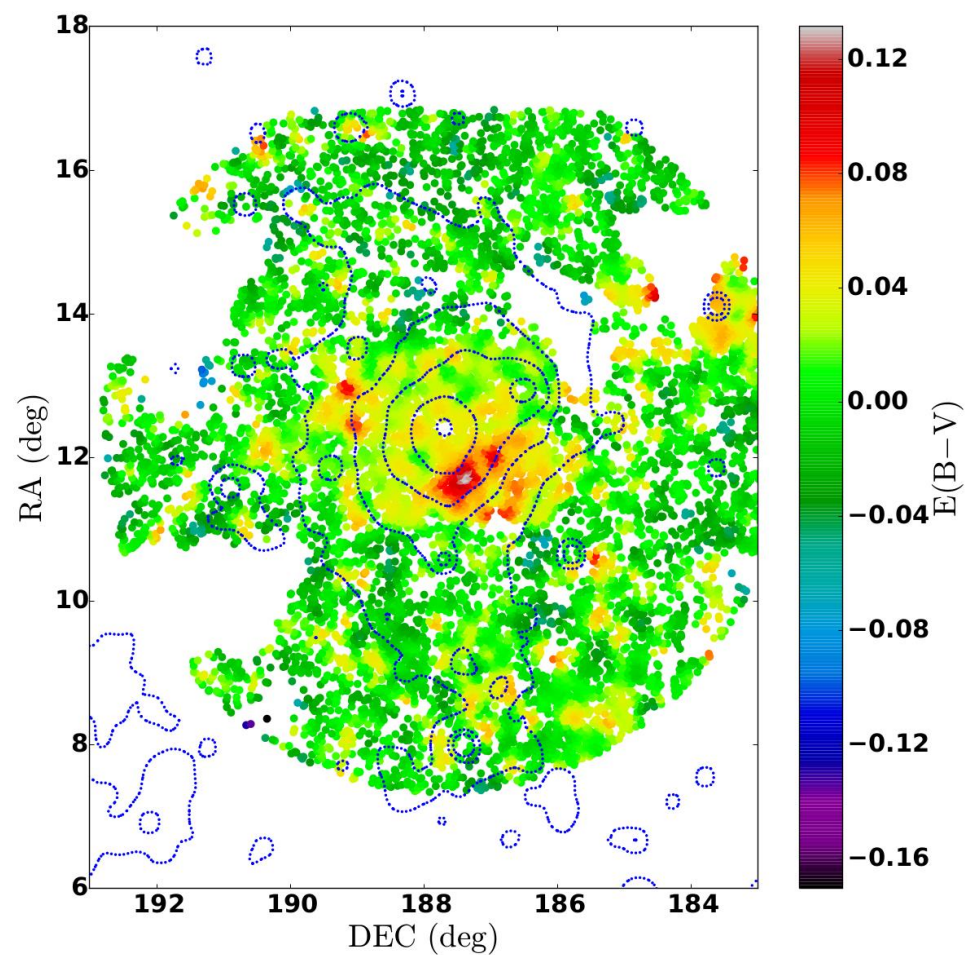
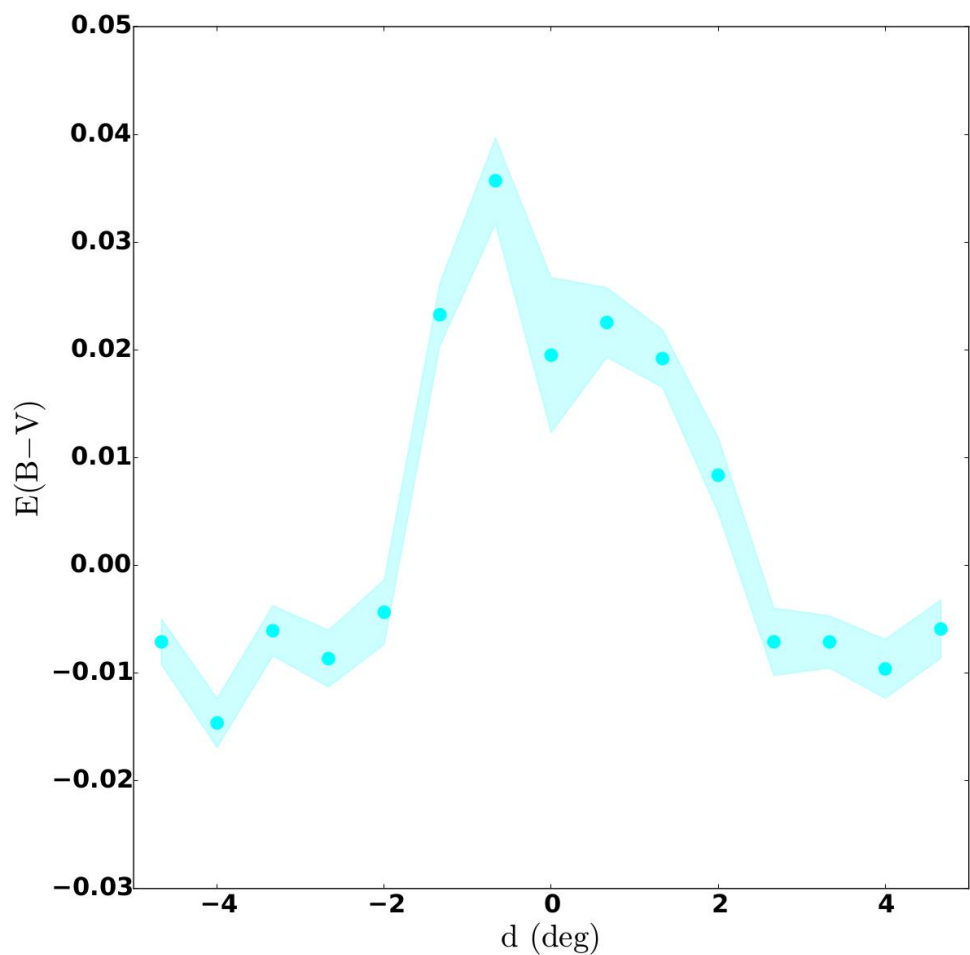
NGC4522

HI contours : $1-7 \times 10^{19} \text{ cm}^{-2}$

H α contours: $0.5 - 1.5 \times 10^{-17} \text{ erg s}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ arcsec}^{-2}$

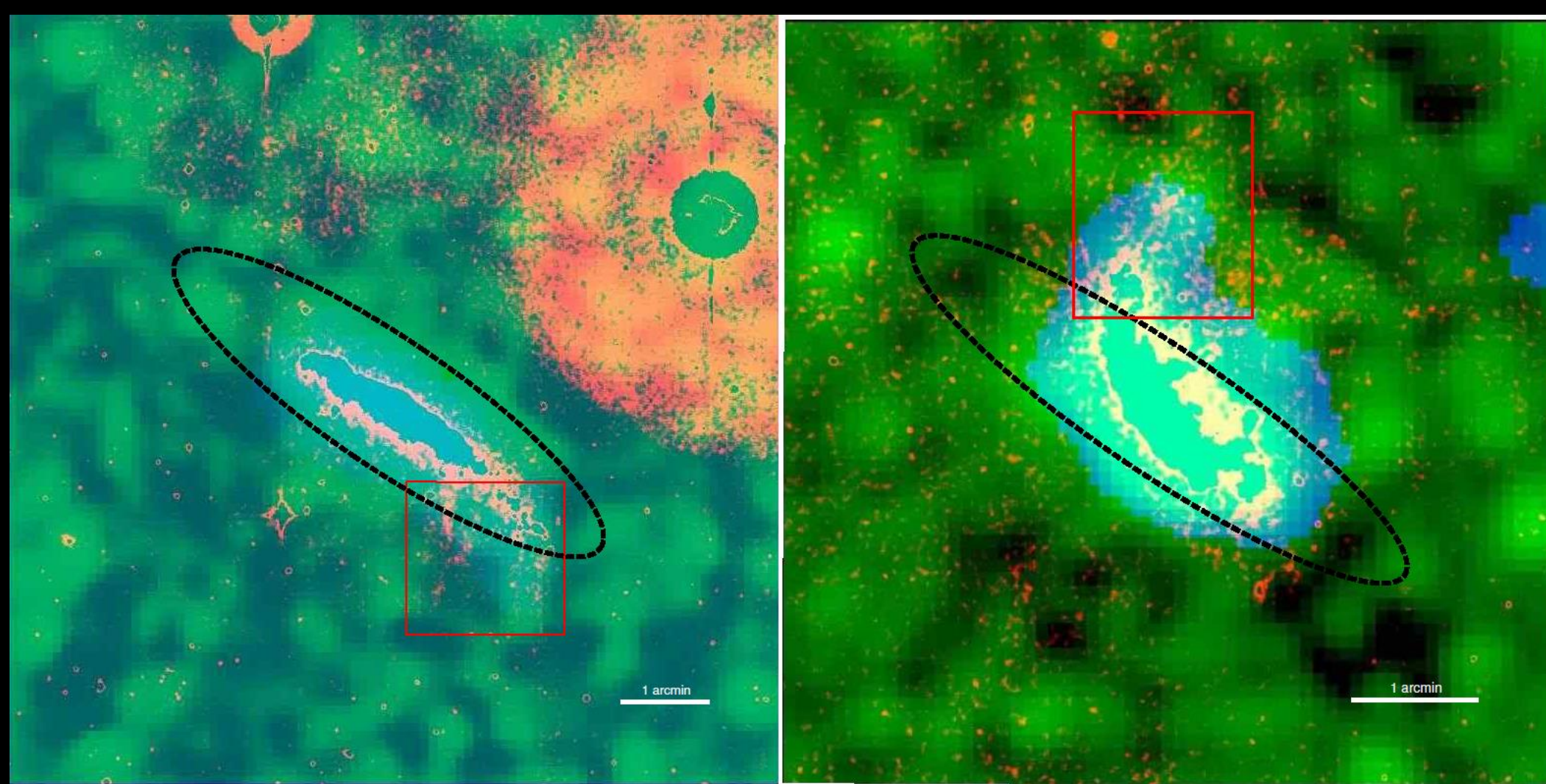
FIR contours: $\sim 0.1 \text{ mJy}$

Diffuse Dust in the Virgo intra-cluster space



$E(B-V)$ values are higher going closer to the cluster's center

Centrally concentrated profile as measured for the stellar component of the intra-cluster light



Blue HI Red H α Green FIR

ALMA follow-up to detect the diffuse and compact dust emission (λ 1.3 μ m)

- Study of the dust content of the intra-cluster component
- Measure dust-to-gas ratios in tails of stripped material
- Understand the role of tidal processing in the metal pollution of the intergalactic medium

Thank you

